**ШКОЛЬНЫЙ ЭТАП ВСЕРОССИЙСКОЙ ОЛИМПИАДЫ**

**ПО АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ**

**10 КЛАСС**

**Работа с текстом.**

1 .Прочитайте, поймите содержание текста.

**Rochester**

Rochester is the third largest city in New York State with a population of over 970 000 people. It is situated on the Genesee River and the bank of Ontario Lake.

The history of Rochester began in the year of 1788, when the first Yankees bought the land from the Indians in the area.

The Genesee river played an important role in the city's history. Flour mills were built and long lines of barges loaded with flour moved along the river. Rochester had become «The Flour Capital of the Nation».

A number of industrial firms had their start in Rochester. Now there is an optical and health care company, Eastman Kodak industry producing cameras, and Xerox Corporation.

One of the special characteristics that gives Rochester its favourable quality of life is the strong emphasis on higher education. Eight colleges and universities are located here, they offer concerts, lectures, excursions, and special events for visitors. The University is famous for its Memorial Art Gallery containing masterpieces of world art. There are several fine libraries in Rochester which are open to the public.

Hundreds of thousands of visitors from all over the world arrive in Rochester each year. They visit museums, cinemas, and theatres. There are two especially interesting places for children: a petting zoo and Victorian Doll Museum.

Many people make a point of visiting the outstanding area parks in Rochester. Highland Park, the site of the spectacular annual Lilac Festival, has the world's largest collection of lilacs - over 500 variants. Lovely Maplewood Park has the largest public rose garden in state New York.

2. Напишите T(true), если утверждение верное, и F(false), если неверное. (В соответствии с текстом).

1. Rochester is the largest city in New York State.

2. Rochester had become «The Flour Capital of the Nation» thanks to the river.

3. In Rochester much attention is paid to higher education, л

4. Rochester is famous for its fine libraries.

5. Children like visiting Rochester.

6. The Memorial Art Gallery is in one of the libraries.

7. The outstanding area parks have the world's largest collection of lilacs.

**II. Лексико-грамматические задания.**

1 .Выберите правильный вариант ответа и запишите.

1. The museum is closed. This ancient building ... now.

a] is reconstructing; b] is reconstructed; c] is being reconstructed

2. Since he ... here waiting for me, Td better go and have it out with him right now.

a] is b] was; c] has been

3. He ... her. He is so happy she has agreed to marry him.

a] had been always loving; b] has always loved; c] was always loving

4. I’ve brought two magazines, both are very interesting, so you may read ....

a] neither; b] either; c] every

5. Look at the man waving. I think he is trying to ... our attention,

a] attract; b] pay; c] bring

6. This pullover is much too small for you. Don’t try to put it on or you’ll ....

a] spread; b] extend; c] stretch

7. Be careful as you walk. The road is covered with ice and it is very ....

a] slippery; b] sticky; c] smooth

8. The director won’t come for another half an hour, so ... the secretary will make some phone calls,

a] afterwards; b] previously; c] meanwhile

2. Вставьте в текст вместо пропусков данные слова в правильной форме. Текст переписывать не нужно. Например: 1. **was educated**

Paul Anthony Samuelson, a Nobel Prize Winner in Economics. Paul Samuelson was born on May 15, 1915, in Gary, Indiana. He ..l..(educate) at the University of Chicago in Illinois and at Harvard University. In 1947 Samuelson ..2..(write) “Foundation of Economic Analysis” in which he used the language of mathematics to explain the word of economics. In 1948 he published “Economics” which is considered to be the ..3..(important) Economics text of our time.

“Economics” ..4..(publish) in new editions today. Samuelson ..5..(give) the 1970 the Nobel Prize in Economics for doing “more than any other contemporary economist to raise the level of scientific analysis in economic theory”.

Samuelson says that he finds the ..6..(great) pleasure in solving problems of economics and it is the mathematical work.

But while he ..7..(do) it, he thinks about the real-world problems. Samuelson’s life work has been to use economics in the service of humanity. He ..8..(do) more than anyone of his time to influence government policy at the highest level.

3. Вставьте в текст вместо пропусков подходящие по смыслу слова из данных ниже. Текст переписывать не нужно.

variety inhabitants director decision growth

unemployment agreement choice meeting

**A New Supermarket For The Town**

At a ..1.. held in Oxwell last Thursday evening a wide ..2.. of opinions was expressed on plans to build a large supermarket in the town. A ..3.. of the supermarket group stated that the supermarket would benefit the ..4.. of Oxwell as it would give people more ..5.. when shopping and would lead to a ..6.. in the number of jobs available in the town, which has a high rate of ..7... Although there was an ..8.. on the need for new jobs, some of those present claimed that the supermarket would lead to a loss of jobs as small shops, unable to compete with supermarket prices, would be forced to close. The final ..9.. on whether or not to build the supermarket will be made next month.

4.Образуйте глаголы от данных существительных и запишите их.

Employment-

Advertisement-

Replacement-

Hatred-

Belief-

Practice-

Argument-

5.Выберите правильный вариант ответа и запишите

1. How long will it take?

a] 7 miles; b] 7 hours; c] Very long

2. How old is she?

a] She is 5 years; b] She is 5; c] She is 5 old

3. How are things?

a] Things are OK; b] Things are bad; c] Fine, thank you.

4. May I take you out?

a] No, you mayn't; b] No, you may not; c] May not

5. Here's your change.

a] Thank you; b] I don't need to change; c] I've already changed

6. Задайте три любых вопроса к данному предложению.

Every holiday my sister goes to Wales and stay with some friends.

**Keys**

I. Работа с текстом

2.

F

Т

Т

Т

Т

F

F

II. Лексико-грамматические задания

1. 1. с 2. 1. was educated

2. а 2. wrote

3. b 3. most important

4. b 4. is published (is being published)

5. a 5. was given

6. с 6. greatest

7. a 7. is doing

8. с 8. has done

2. 1. meeting 4. 1. to employ 5. l. b

2. variety 2. to advertise 2. b

3. director 3. to place, replace 3. с

4. inhabitants 4. to hate 4. b

5. choice 5. to believe 5. a

6. growth 6. to practise

7. unemployment 7. to argue

8. agreement

9. decision